SPECIALTY GUIDELINE MANAGEMENT

OCALIVA (obeticholic acid)

POLICY

I. INDICATIONS
The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

FDA-Approved Indications
Ocaliva is indicated for the treatment of primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) in combination with ursodeoxycholic acid (UDCA) in adults with an inadequate response to UDCA, or as monotherapy in adults unable to tolerate UDCA. This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on a reduction in alkaline phosphatase (ALP). An improvement in survival or disease-related symptoms has not been established. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in confirmatory trials.

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and are not a covered benefit.

II. REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION
The following information is necessary to initiate the prior authorization review:
A. Liver enzyme lab report (initial and renewal)
B. Antimitochondrial antibody (AMA) or other antibody titer/assay results or liver biopsy report supporting diagnosis

III. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL
A. Primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) (previously known as primary biliary cirrhosis)
Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of PBC in members 18 years of age or older when all of the following criteria are met:
1. Diagnosis of PBC is confirmed by at least two of the following three criteria:
   a. Biochemical evidence of cholestasis with elevation of alkaline phosphatase (ALP) level for at least 6 months duration
   b. Presence of antimitochondrial antibodies (AMA) (titer >1:80 by immunofluorescence or M2 positivity by enzyme immunoassay) or PBC-specific antibodies (eg, anti-gp210, anti-sp100)
   c. Histologic evidence of PBC on liver biopsy (eg, nonsuppurative destructive cholangitis and destruction of interlobular bile ducts)

2. Member has an ALP level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal (ULN) prior to initiation of therapy with obeticholic acid

3. Member meets at least one of the following requirements:
   a. Inadequate response to at least 12 months of prior therapy with ursodeoxycholic acid (UDCA)/ursodiol and the member will continue concomitant therapy with UDCA/ursodiol, or
   b. Intolerance to UDCA/ursodiol

IV. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY
A. PBC
Authorization of 12 months may be granted for members who have achieved at least a 15% reduction in ALP level.

V. DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION
Approvals may be subject to dosing limits in accordance with FDA-approved labeling, accepted compendia, and/or evidence-based practice guidelines.

The following dosing limits apply: 10 mg per day
VI. REFERENCES